GREEN AUDIT REPORT

C.S.T.S GOVT. KALASALA

DEPARTMENT OF BOTANY

JANGAREDDIGUDEM

2023-2024





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GREEN AUDIT REPORT

1.INTRODUCTION:

The term "Green" means Eco-friendly or not damaging the Environment. This can acronymically is called as "Global Readiness in Ensuring Ecological Neutrality" (GREEN). Green accounting can be defined as systematic identification, quantification, recording, reporting and analysis of components of ecological diversity and expressing the same in financial or social terms. "Green Auditing", an umbrella term, is known by another name "Environmental Auditing". There is a provision of green audit in college campus. As per the suggestions made by IQAC, Botany Department taken the responsibility to do Green Audit with cooperation of Principal. A report on green audit has been prepared by the Department of Botany, C.S.T.S GOVERNEMENT KALASALA JANGAREDDIGUDEM. Total area of the college campus is of which 30 percent is covered by herbs, shrubs and trees, including valuable medicinal flora. The plants have been systematically identified by the Dept. of Botany. There are more than 85 plant species were audited. Extra efforts have been taken by the college to create environment consciousness amongst students. One major step in this regard is the extensive plantation program organized by NSS, U.G students of Botany Department. Plantation is encouraged by the Principal and all Departments Faculty members to increase greenery and reduce carbon dioxide emission effects. Renovation of the garden at the entrance was done. Existing gardens are also maintained by the Dept. of Botany of this college. Extension programs also organized to create environment awareness and conservation of Biodiversity amongst the students and public. In this regard extension program was organized.

2. Activities organized to create greenery and its conservation at college campus is as follows:

- 1. Plantation of diversified species
- 2. Vegetative propagation
- 3. Uses of Medicinal plants
- 4. Identification of Plant species

2.1 Plantation of diversified species:

To create green cover, Eco-friendly atmosphere, pure oxygen at the college campus, plantation program is organized every year with involving all Students, Principal and all faculty members of various Departments. In this session VanamManam, Janmabhoomi, VanaMahotsav and Neeru-chettu programs were organized andOrnamental,, Medicinal plants and beautiful trees were planted in Botanical garden and other parts of college campus. To keep the greeneries in the campus, we regularly maintain the gardens which are looked after by students under the guidance of Department of Botany and NSS. Moreover, every year we try to plant new Plants.

2.2 Vegetative propagation:

To learn how to propagate vegetative garden, training program is organized for students every year. Students learned various propagation techniques like cutting, grafting, etc.

2.3 Uses of Medicinal plants:

There are many Medicinal plants in the Botanical garden which have Medicinal value. However the students are unaware of their use and they can't identify the particular plants. Therefore faculty of Botany department helps the students in identifying different medicinal plants with their scientific names and also their Medicinal use.

2.4 Identification of Plant species:

There are so many plant species present in the college campus. The faculty of Botany department audited and identified various plant species with the help of flora.

3. General Steps:

- 1. Systematic and comprehensive data collection.
- 2. Documentation with physical evidences.
- 3. Independent periodic evaluation with regulatory requirements and appropriate standards.
- 4. Systematic and comprehensive improvement and management of existing system

4. Procedure followed:

The students were divided into three groups and under the guidance of the teaching staff of the Department of Botany, each group collected data on the assigned topics. The assigned topics were as follows.

- 1. Identification of Plant species and Bio-diversity.
- 2. Analysis of Water quality and usage.
- 3. Analysis of Energy consumption and costs.
- 4. Analysis of waste generation and disposal all the data were united and based on these, a report was formulated.

5.Report:

Identification of Plant species and Bio-diversity in the college campus, based on our data collected, there are 102 plants in the college campus. In this 33 are trees, 21 are shrubs, 48 are herbs in our college contribute to the Oxygen supply that we utilize. Being situated in the urban area, our college is exposed to various atmospheric pollutants from vehicles as well as by other external means. Based on our calculation, the different sources of carbon-dioxide emitted to our college are:

- 1. Vehicles
- 2. Refrigerators
- 3. Air conditioners
- 4. RO water Plants
- 5. Mobiles etc.
- 1. Vehicles on the days of data collection, there were 5 cars, 25 bikes and 10 scooties in our campus, which in turn proves us that these vehicles may contribute to high carbon-dioxide emission. There are 1 refrigerators, 1 air conditioners in our campus. The students, teaching and non-teaching staff and the visitors also contribute to carbon-dioxide emission.
- 2. Analysis of water quality and usage of the college campus possesses many water outlets. Our students have counted the total number of taps, rain water harvesting pits. We have found that in total, there are 27 taps, 1 RO water Plant.

6. In addition to these equipment, our college also has

10 exhaust fans

A table fan

1Telephone

LCD Projectors

Hand mikes

A bell

5. Analysis of waste generation and disposal wastes cannot be avoided in any environment.

Wastes can be classified as biodegradable and non-biodegradable wastes. Biodegradable

wastes include food wastes; which can be easily decomposed by the bacteria in soil. But non-

biodegradable wastes are those which cannot be degraded by any organism and remain as

such for many years.

Library: The most generated waste is paper waste. It is taken for recycling.

Office: Paper waste generated are recycled and reused.

Garden: Plastic and paper waste is comparatively less. Fallen leaves are collected and used

in vermi-compost unit

Seminar hall: The wastes are collected after each programed and dumbed it.

Bathroom: The wastes are collected and burned in an incinerator behind the convent.

Classrooms: Paper wastes are collected in the waste basket and recycled.

Laboratory: The broken glass wastes and the useless instruments are disposed for recycling

after thorough washing.

College Premises: Plastic waste generated is usually less. But paper waste is generated in a

larger amount.

1. There are sufficient water outlets for the students, staff and all the departments. But it is
essential to check whether all these are working or not and whether the taps are leaking or
not.

2	2. Fortunately,	the students,	Teaching	and No	n-Teaching	staff	of the	college	is	available	to
c	lean the colleg	ge campus.									

List of the Audited Plants

S.NO	Scientific Name of Plant	Herb/Shrub/Tree	Local Name	Family	Uses
1	Acalypha indica	Herb	Muripindi	Euphorbiaceae	Anti Venomous & Anti Diabetic properties
2 Achyranthus aspera		Herb	Uttereni	Amaranthaceae	To treat cough,bronchitis,Malaria ,Fever
3	Amaranthus viridis	Herb	Slender amaranth	Amaranthaceae	To treat fever, pain, asthama
4	Agave americana	Herb	American aloe	Aspargaceae	To treat Burns, Injuries and Skin irritation
5	Ageratum conyzoides	Herb	Goat weed	Asteraceae	To treat pneumonia ,to cure wounds & burns
6	Annona squamosa	shrub	Custard apple	Annonaceae	Used to make medicine
7	Aloevera barbedence	Herb	Kalabanda	Liliaceae	Used to treat skin diseases
8	Andrographis paniculata (Burm.f.) NEAS	Herb	Bitter weed	Acanthaceae	To treat cancer,Ulcers,Leprosy
9	Asystasia gangetica	Herb	Coromandel	Acanthaceae	To treat hypertension,asthama,diabetis
10	Azadiricta indica	Herb	Neem	Meliaceae	Natural medicine and pesticides
11	Borassus flabellifera	Herb	Toddy palm	Aracaceae	Mats, baskets,fans
12	Bougainvillea glabra	Shrub	Paper flowers	Nyctaginaceae	Anti cancer drug
13	Bougainvillea spectabilis	Shrub	Paper flowers	Nyctaginaceae	Anti diabetic drug
14	Calotropis gigantea	Shrub	White Jilledu	Asclepiadaceae	To cure mucus
15	Calotropis procera	Shrub	Jilledu	Asclepiadaceae	To cure respiratory disorders
16	Carica papaya	Tree	Papaya	Caricaceae	Control blood sugar
17	Cassia mimosoides	Tree	Nela ponna	Caesalpinaceae	To treat diarrhea, wounds
18	Capparis spinosa	Herb	Flinders rose	Capparaceae	treatment of gout, arthritis
19	Chloris barbata sw.	Shurb	Purple top chloris	Poaceae	skin disorders
20	Chlorophytum comosum	Herb	Spider plant	Asparagus	weakness, arthritis
21	Cleome viscosa	Herb	Spiderflower	Cappparidaceae	traditionalmediceine,indian mediciene
22	Clitoria ternata	Shurb	Asianpigeon wings,bluebellvine	Fabaceae	memoryenhancer ,nootropic

23	Catharanthus roseus	Tree	Vinca rosea	Apocynaceae	Treatment of diabeties
24	Croton banplandianum	Herb	Bontulshi	Euphorbiaceae	treat liver disorders,skin diseases
25	Cyanthiluum cinereum (I)	Herb	Little iron weed	Asteraceae	asthama,cancer,choler,night blindness
26	Cycas revoluta thumb	Herb	Sagopalm	Cycad	tonic high blood pressure,headaches,bonepain
27	Cynodon dacctylon (I) pers	Herb	Bermudagrass	Poaceae	colant,laxative,brain and heart tonic
28	Casuarina equitifolia	Tree	She oak	Casuarinaceae	Diarrhea,stomach ache
29	Cassia occidentalis	Shrub	Senna	Caesalpinaceae	Anti fungal and anti bacterial
30	Cassia cordifolia	Herb	Giloy	Caesalpiniaceae	Snake bite
31	Datura stramounium	Shrub	Thorn apple	Solanaceae	Toothache, fever from inflammation
32	Diefferbachia seguine	Shrub	Cane	Araceae	anti dote, snake bites, rheumatism
33	Duranta erecta I.	Tree	Golden dew	Verbenaceae	mosquitoacidil cyto toxic, anti viral, anti fungal
34	Drymaria cordata	Herb	Tropical chick weed	Caryophyllaceae	Treating respiratory aliments and bronchitis
35	Elaeis guineensis	Tree	Oil plam	Arecacea	headaches, pains, rheumatism
36	Emilia fosbergi nicolson	Herb	Florida tasselflower	Asteraceae	tree unspecified medicinal disorders
37	Euphorbia hirta	Herb	Asthma weed	Asteraceae	Treatment of bleeding hemorrhoids
38	Euphorbia pulcherima	Herb	Mexican flame leaf	Euphorbiaceae	Used as a medicinal plant
39	Erigeron bonariensis	Tree	Flax leaf fleabane	Asteraceae	treatment of bleeding hemorrhoids
40	Euphorbia prostrata aiton	Shrub	Prostrate spurge	Euphorbiaceae	tree, improve bio markers for inflammation but not glucose
41	Euphorbia tithymaloides I.	Shurb	Seashell devil's backbone	Euphorbiaceae	ringworm ,skin cancer,toothache,insect stings
42	Euterpe oleracea mart	Tree	Acai plam	Arecaceae	annti oxidant, diabetes, hypertension, inflammatory
43	Ficus hispida	Tree	Hairy fig	Moraceae	purgation and emesis to remove exess pitta dosha

44	Ficus religiosa	Tree	Pepal tree	Moraceae	astham diarrhea, diabetes, sexual disorders
45	F	T	F '	NA II C I	treat vrious ailements such as gastric
45	Ficus species	Tree	Fig trees	Mulberry family	problems,cancer
46	Gardenia jasminoides	Herbs	Cape jasmines	Rubiaceae	disorders, diabetes, and other conditions
47	Glechoma hederacea	Herb	Ground ivy	Lamaiceae	treat inflimations of the eyes
48	Gomphrena celosioidesmart	Shurb	Bachelor's button	Amaranthaceae	Skin infections,respiretory problems,ect
49	Gomphrena celosisioides mart	Shrub	Prostrate Globe- amaranth	Amaranthaceae	Skin infections,respiretory problems,ect
50	Hibiscus rosa	Tree	hibiscus	Malvaceae	shoe polish ,women black hair dry
51	Hyptis suaveolens	Herb	Mesosphaerum suaceolens	Lamaiceae	gastric ulcer,infections,and inflamations
52	Hemidesmus indicus	herb	Sarasaparilla	Apocyanaceae	Used in traditional medicine
53	Indigofera tinctoria	Herb	True indigo	Fabaceae	fever,liver,grey hairs,spleen disorders ETC
54	Ixora chinesis lan	Herb	Viru	Rubiaceae	Treat dysentery and tuberculosis
55	Jatropha gossypiifolia	Shrub	Bellyache bush	Euphorbiaceae	Anti inflammatory,insecticidal properties
56	Kalanchoe ceratophylla	Shrub	Chrismastree plant	Crassulae	cure injuries, pain, fever
57	Kalmia lalifolia	Shrub	Mountain laurel	Ericales	joints pain
58	Luffa acutangula	Herb	Ridged gourd	Cucurbitaceae	Treating and preventing colds
59	Lawsonia inermis	Tree	Henna	Lythraceae	Used as dye for skin and hair
60	Ligustarum japanicumthumd	Shrub	Ching kundo	Oleaceae	digestive problems
61	Liris foetidissima I.	Herb	Roast beef plant	Lridaceae	antispasmodic and cathartic
62	Melothria pendula	Shrub	Creeping cucumber	Cucurbitaceae	Sores and gastric treatment
63	Manikara zapota	Tree	Sapodilla	Sapotaceae	To treat cold and caugh
64	Moeinga olifera	Tree	Drumstick tree	Moringaceae	increase sex drive, prevent pregnancy
65	Momordica charantia	Herb	Bitter gourd	Cucurbitaceae	used in folk medicine for treatment of diabetes mellitus

66	Morinda tinctoria	Shurb	Indian mulberry	Rubiacaea	wound healing
67	Mangifera indica	Tree	Mango	Anacradiaceae	To treat asthma and hypertension
68	Murayya koenigii	Herb	Curryleaf	Rutaceae	treating piles, inflammation edema
69	Nerium oleander	Herb	Rose bay	Apocynaceae	To treat ringworm,herpes
70	Nyctanthus arbor-tristis	Tree	Night blooming jasmine	Oleaceae	Piles,intestinal worms
71	Ocimum tenuifbrum	Herb	Tulasi	Lamiaceae	used in ayurveda,tradition of hinduism
72	Phaseolus vulgaris	Herb	Snap bean	Fabaceae	Delaying the digestion of complex cabohydrate
73	Prunus dulcis	Tree	Almond	Rosaceae	Lower blood sugar levels
74	Phyllanthus emblica	Tree	Indian gooseberry	Phyllanthaceae	To treat jaundice and inflammation
75	Psidium guajava	Tree	Guava	Myrtaceae	To treat diarrhea
76	Passiflora foetida	Shurb	Love in a mist	Passifloraceae	help with stress,sleep
77	Pithacalobium dulci	Tree	Cheema chintha	Mimosaceae	To treat diabetes
78	Peltophorum pterocarpum	Herb	Yellow flame.	Fabaceae	required petroleum
79	Phoenix reclinata	Tree	Date palm	Areceae	urinary infections
80	Phoenix theophrasti greuter	Herb	Date palm	Arecacea bercht	food for oil
81	Phyllanthus amarus schumach	Herb	Child pick A-back	Phyllantheceae	treat ulcer
82	Phyllanthus tenellus roxb	Herb	Mascarein island leave	Phyllantheceae	liver disease
83	Phyllanthus urinaria	Shurb	Chamber bitter	Phyllantheceae	jundice,daibets
84	Plectranthu anboinicus	Herb	Indian boarge	Mexian mint	skin infection, digestive
85	Plumeria rubra	Tree	Fraunga pani	Apocynaceae	anti-fertility -anti inflimatory
86	Polyscias fruticosa (I) .harms	Tree	Umbrella tree	Ariliaceae	anti-toxin, anti-bacterial onitmen
87	Pongamia pinnata	Tree	Poungam	Fabaeceae	treatment of fumors piles and skin disease

88	Psudium gujava(I)	Tree	Jama	Myrtaceae	diabetes, fever
89	Plumaria alba	Shrub	Camboja	Apocyanaceae	Anti fertility
90	Rhapis excelsa	Tree	Bamboo palm	Arecaceae	removing air bone toxin
91	Ruellia simplex	Herb	Desart penuta	Acanthaceae	treatment of flu asthama
	Ruellia tuberosa (I) - medicinal				
92	plant	Herb	Meadow weed	Acanthaceae	anti-pyretic bladder diseases
93	Solanum nigrum	Tree	Black nightshade	Solanaceae	To treat stomach irritation
94	Senna occidentalis	Herb	Coffee senna	Caesalpiniaceae	Anti bacterial,Anti fungal
95	Sida acuta burm. F	Herb	Wire weed	Mallows	sore mouth,cough,wheezing,commen cold etc
96	Syzygium cumini	Tree	Java plum	Myrtaceae	To treat kidney problems
97	Solanum paniculatum	Tree	Jurubebas	Nightshade	treatment of gastritis, bronchitis and fever
98	Solanum torum	Herb	Turkey berry	Solanaceae	fever,wound,hyper tension etc
99	Sterculia foetida	Tree	Java olive tree	Malvaceae	stamina booster ,cure diarrhea,anti cancer
100	Syndrella nodiflora	Herb	Cindrella weed	Asteraceae	inflamatory diseses,asthama,liver problems
101	Sida cordifolia	Shrub	Flannel weed	Malvaceae	To treat cold and headache
102	Tridax procumbens	Herb	coatbuttons	Asteraceae	To treat diarrhea, liver diseases
103	Tectona grandis	Tree	Teak	Lamaiceae	laxative,cooling,wood is acrid,dysentery
104	Tephrosia purpuria	Herbs	Vempali	Legumes	liver ,spleen ,heart and blood
105	Terminalia catappa	Tree	Indian almond	Combretaceae	treat of scabies,leprosy,wounds and other skin dieseses
106	Vicia faba	Herb	Broad bean	Fabaceae	Used to make soups,stews, pastes
107	Vinca alba	Shurb	Periwinkle	Apocynaceae	Used to treat cancer
108	Vinca rosea	Shurb	Periwinkle	Apocynaceae	Used to treat cancer
109	Withania somnifera	Shrub	Ashwagandha	Solanceae	To treat various CNS disorders
110	Ziziphus jujube	Tree	Indian jujube	Rhamnaceae	To treat heart burn, diuretic and nausea





























